





#### THE EFFECT OF FOLIAR APPLICATION of AGROSTEMIN® on PAPRIKA

(Capsicum annuum)





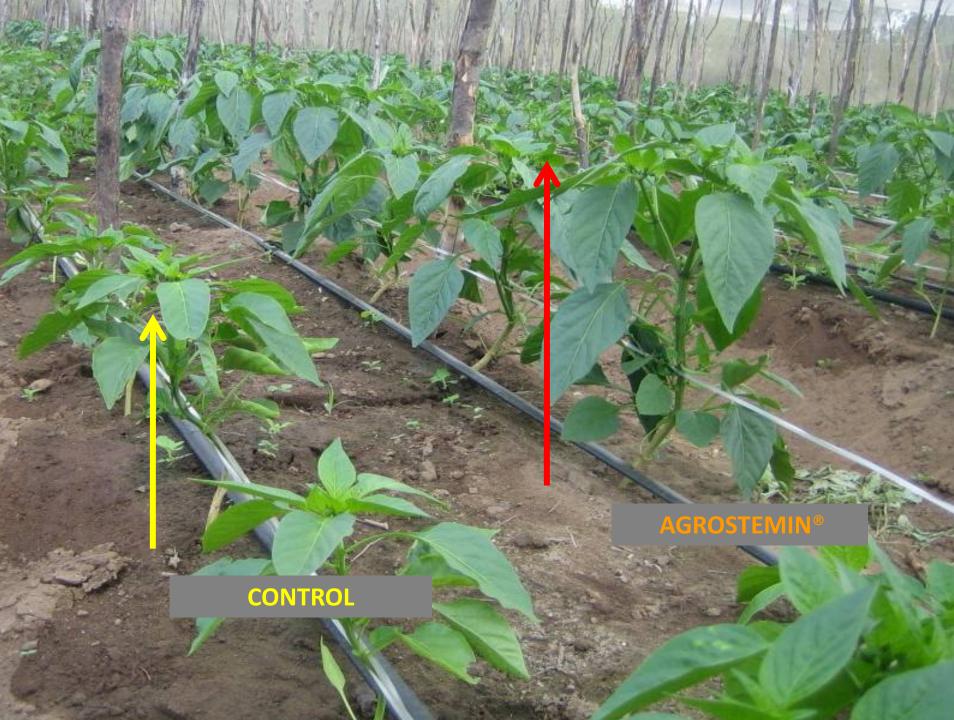
The experiment was conducted in the town Guaraciaba do Norte – CE Brazil.

DARA R variety produced by Sakama was used.

AGROSTEMIN<sup>®</sup> was applied as water solution 5 days after transplanting, spraying both plants and the garden beds.

The dosage applied was 30g of **AGROSTEMIN®** per hectare.

First sampling was done on the 22<sup>nd</sup> from the application of AGROSTEMIN<sup>®</sup>.









Flowering and fruiting

with Agrostemin

without Agrostemin



### CONTROL TREATED

STAI







TREATED



# PICKING



#### without AGROSTEMIN

#### with AGROSTEMIN®





#### **75 DAYS AFTER TRANSPLANTING**





#### **83 DAYS AFTER TRANSPLANTING**



#### CONTROL





#### **COMPARISION HEIGHT OF LEINS**





#### CONTROL

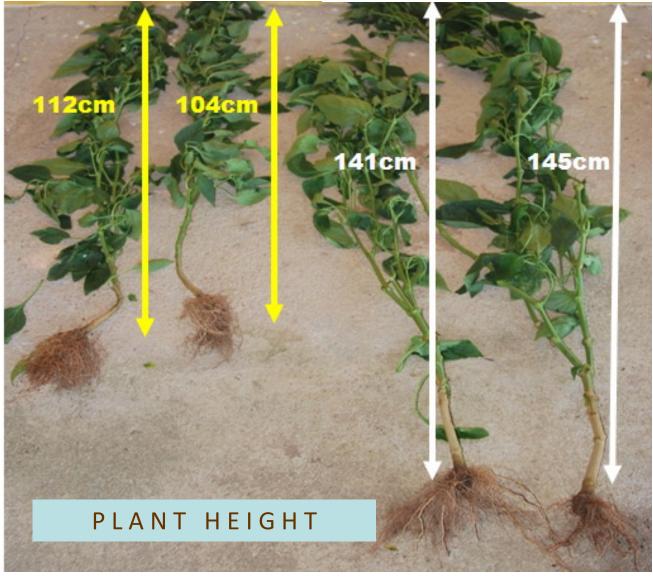
#### TREATED





#### without AGROSTEMIN

with AGROSTEMIN®





#### HEIGHT OF THE FIRST BIFURCATION





#### **ROOT SYSTEM of:**

- control plants (untreated)





The structure of the root system in plants untreated with Agrostemin



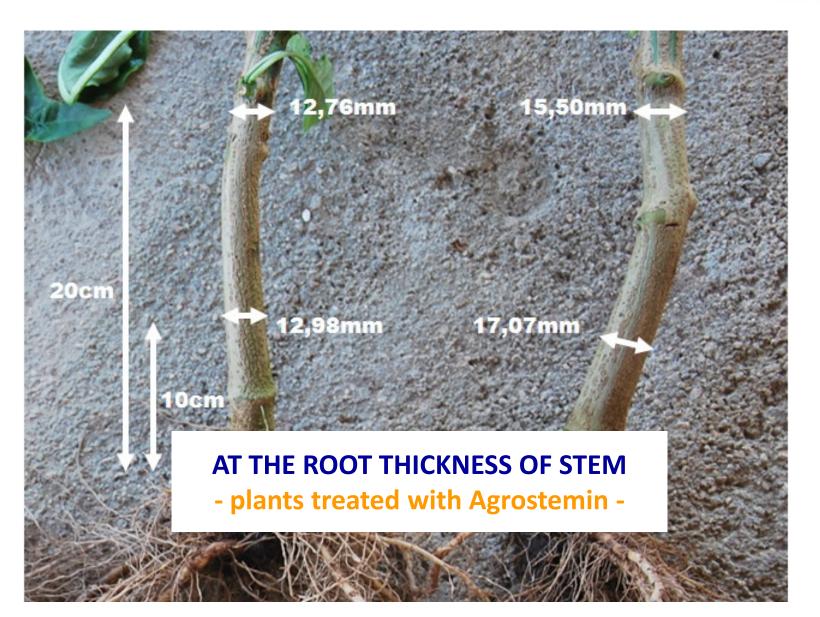
# The structure of the root system in plants treated with **AGROSTEMIN**<sup>®</sup>





# AT THE ROOT THICKNESS OF STEM - plants which were not treated -







#### FINAL RESULTS

| Sampling  | Picking                        | Agrostemin |           |          |
|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|
|           |                                | treated    | untreated | Increase |
| sample 01 | first picking                  | 9 crates   | 6 crates  | 50%      |
| sample 02 | 83 days after<br>transplanting | 67 crates  | 48 crates | 40%      |
| sample 03 | 90 days after<br>transplanting | 47 crates  | 34 crates | 38%      |
| TOTAL     |                                | 123 crates | 88 crates | 40%      |

Medium gain 40%



#### DATA ON FRUIT QUALITY ( final structure of the yield)

| Classification      | Agrostemin |               |  |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Classification      | treated    | untreated     |  |
| first class fruits  | 88,5 %     | <b>76,2</b> % |  |
| second class fruits | 11,5 %     | 23,8 %        |  |

16% more of first class fruit50% more of second class fruit40% increased total yield



#### CONCLUSION

From the images and tables enclosed herewith it turns out that **AGROSTEMIN**<sup>®</sup> influences significantly the productivity since it has been increased by 40% when compared with the plants only treated with conventional agents.

It is important to point out that the plants treated with conventional means only (without adding AGROSTEMIN<sup>®</sup>) were paler, with less foliage mass and smaller. Root system was much more developed on the plants where AGROSTEMIN<sup>®</sup> was applied than on control ones.



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